







1: Ethiopia 2: Uganda 3: Kenya 4: Tanzania

FARM AFRICA - CORE SECTORS

Agriculture ■ Technology Land and water resource management

■ Climate-smart agriculture

Natural Resource Management Participatory forest management

 Participatory rangeland manage
Ecosystems management Value realization

Engagement ■ Trade facilitation and marketing Business development

Participatory process

sharing knowledge

PFM work in Tanzania

Sustainable Nou Forest Ecosystem Management Project in Babati and **Mbulu Districts (2002-16)**

- · Nou Forest is surrounded by 33 villages
- · Covers 320 square kilometres
- · Source of 28 permanent rivers and directly affects the livelihoods of more than 200,000 people

· To alleviate poverty of forest dependent communities through sustainable land use plan, participatory forest management and implement livelihood activities.

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Key Challenges Illegal harvesting of forest resources; Pressure from agricultural activities Uncontrolled exploitation of forests for charcoal and fuel wood is occurring; Harvesting of poles for the construction of Unplanned grazing occurs due to a lack Lack of incentives to forest dependant of land use plans and weak institutional and governance structure at ward and

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THEORY OF CHANGE MISSION Development of income Forest conservation **GOALS STAKEHOLDERS** Forest-based Forest management business development agreements **OUTCOMES**

Management

capacity

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Achievements

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Business

capacity*

Trade

facilitation*

Access to

finance*

saving stoves, reduced the use of charcoal and firewood

Introduction of beekeeping has promoted tree planting increased income and in general

Value addition and Market linkages of NTFP has encouraged communities to

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Forest

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Achievements cont...

Establishment of VNRCs and Patrol teams reduced the poaching incidences by 40%

Conservation agriculture has improved soil fertility and therefore increased crop production

Establishment of woodlots has reduces tree cutting pressure in the Nou forest reserve for firewood and

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Achievements cont...

•Introduction of energy saving stoves, reduced the use of charcoal and firewood •Establishment of VNRCs and Patrol teams reduced the poaching incidences by 40%

Introduction of beekeeping has promoted tree planting, increased income and environmental conservation

Value addition and Market linkages of NTFP has encouraged communities to conserve forest

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Achievements cont...

Participatory conservation between community TFS and Local Government Authority

Land demarcation through land use plans (Village land aside lands for forest development (CBFM), improved grazing

Review/Development of Village Forest management plans and agreements.

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Achievements cont...

Appropriate alternative natural resource and forestbased livelihoods and NTFP Technologies (Increased income by 40%) Greater awareness of rights, roles and responsibilities regarding the forests, as per government's Forest

Communities have developed a range of skills to help them work on their own and develop sustainable forest-based livelihood systems.

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Incentives

NTFP collection

Beekeeping

Fines through patrol

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Lessons Learnt

Forest management objectives need to be clearly negotiated between the government and community so as to balance forest protection and sustainable use

Government support at different levels and in all stages of the forest management process is essential.

Alternative livelihoods options should be forest/natural resource-based such as the raffia and beekeeping

Capacity building of both government staff and community members is essential to develop and sustain new forest management systems/ approaches.

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Recommendations

Work closely with the community and government

aring of information and lesson learnt amongst

GAP and LUP is a core factor for forest management

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